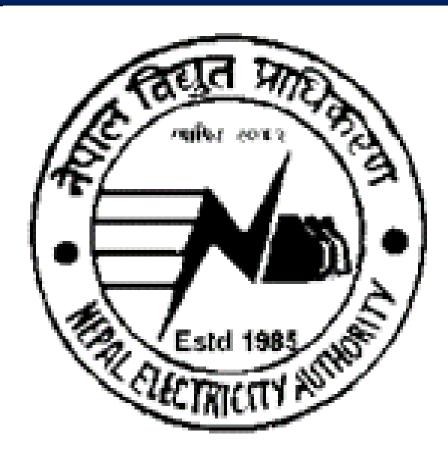
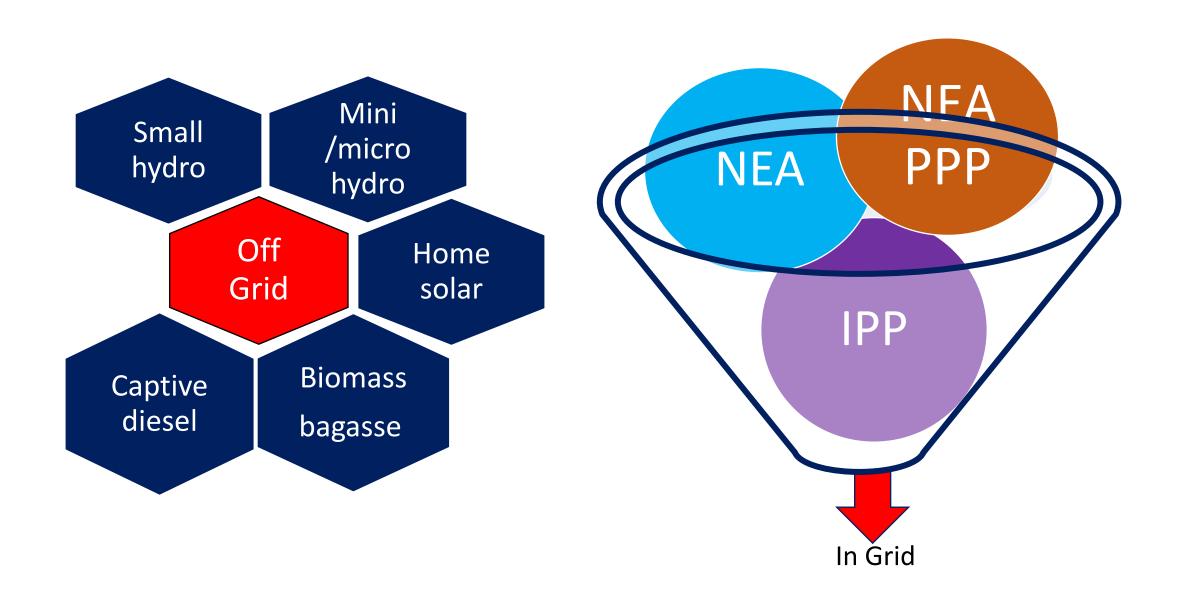
## UNDERCONSTRUCTION GENERATION PROJECTS OF NEPAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY





## **GENERATION DEVELOPMENT IN NEPAL**



## **NEA INVOLVED UNDER CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

CATEGORY	PROJECT NAME	CAPACITY	TYPE	EXPECTED COMMISSIONING
NEA OWN	Chameliya	30 MW	PROR	2016/17 end
	Kulekhani 3	14 MW	Storage (cascade)	2016/17 end
	Upper Trishuli 3A	60 MW	ROR	2017/18
	Rahughat	40 MW	ROR	2019/20
NEA PPP (Subsidiary/ Associate companies)	Upper Tamakoshi	456 MW	PROR	2018/19
	Middle Bhotekosi	102 MW	ROR	2018/19
	Rsuwagadhi	111 MW	ROR	2018/19
	Upper Sanjen	14.8 MW	ROR	2016/17 end
	Sanjen	42 MW	ROR	2017/18 end
	Trisuli 3 B	37 MW	ROR (cascade)	2018/19
	Tanahu Hydro	140 MW	Storage	2020/21
	Total	1046.80 MW		

### **CHAMELIYA**

- Completed above 95%.
- Faced various geological problems resulting in time and cost over run.
  - Hard rock in dam foundation not as expected.
  - After excavation of complete 4.6 km tunnel, 843 m got squeezed.
  - Mud flow from nearby rivulet Bhelgad entered the tunnel.
  - Original location of Power house foundation was in alluvium so shifted back by huge back slope cutting and its stabilization.
  - Cavities encountered on the sides of vertical shaft.
- Chameliya can be taken as unique example of geological problems.

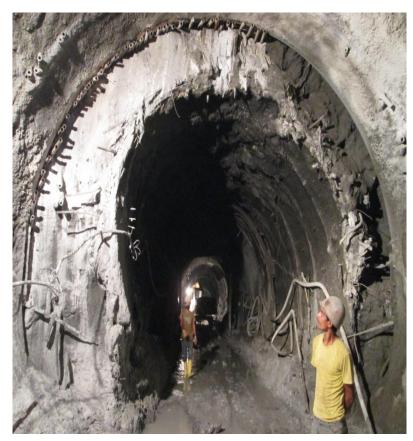
### **TUNNEL SQUEEZING**

### **MUD FLOW AFTER SQUEEZING**





## TREATMENT OF SQUEEZED TUNNEL







PREPARING FOR TREATMENT

**BREAKING BY MACHINE** 

**BREAKING MANUALLY** 

## TREATMENT OF SQUEEZED TUNNEL



NEW STEEL RIB INSTALLATION

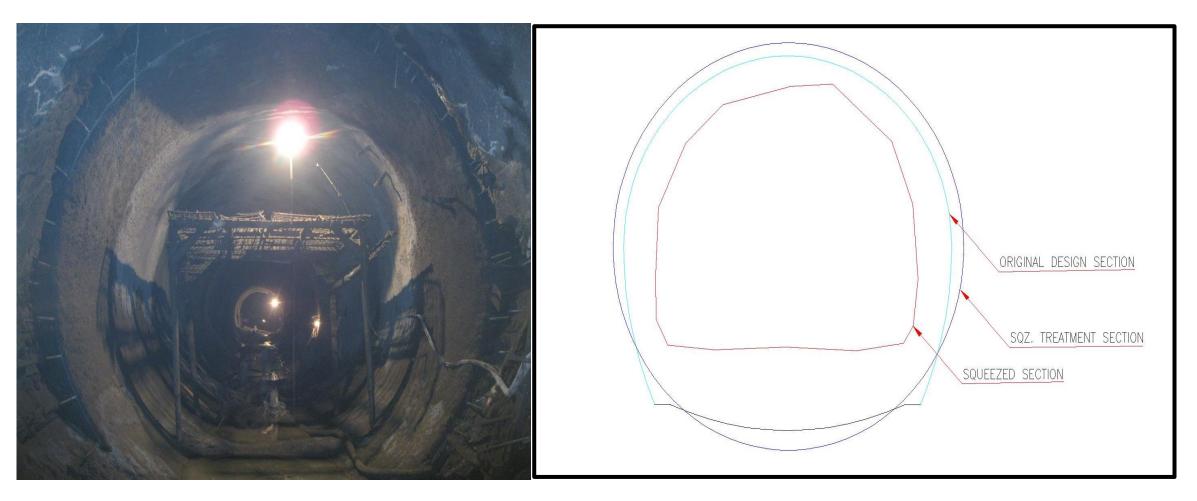


NEW STEEL BAR INSTALLATION



**SHORTCRETING** 

## TREATMENT OF SQUEEZED TUNNEL

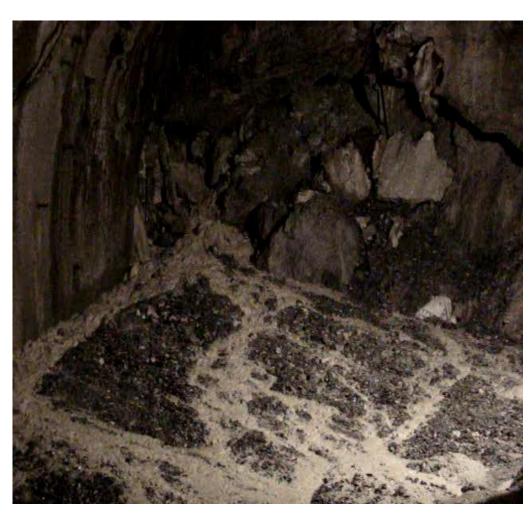


**FINAL SECTION** 

## OTHER PROBLEMS IN TUNNELING

Debris Flow Rock fall





## **VERTICAL SHAFT**



- Large cavity around shaft
  - Approx. 25 x 8 x 5 m
  - Crushed material

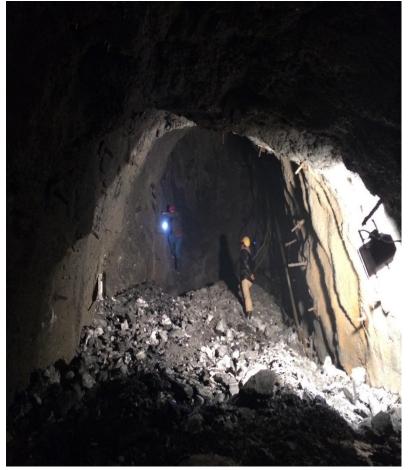
## POWER HOUSE SHIFTING AND BACK SLOPE PROTECTION



## **KULEKHANI 3**

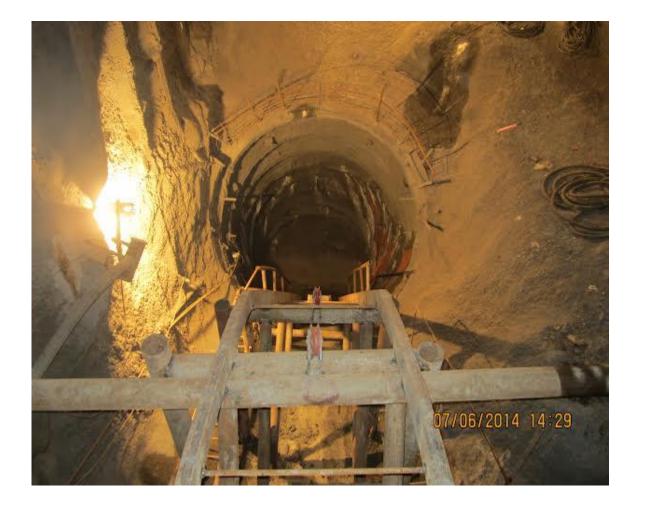
- Completed above 90%.
- This project also suffered time and cost over run owing to:
  - Collapse of Inclined Shaft
  - Power house foundation
  - Performance of E/M, H/M Contractor
- It is expected to be commissioned by the end of f/y 2016/17.











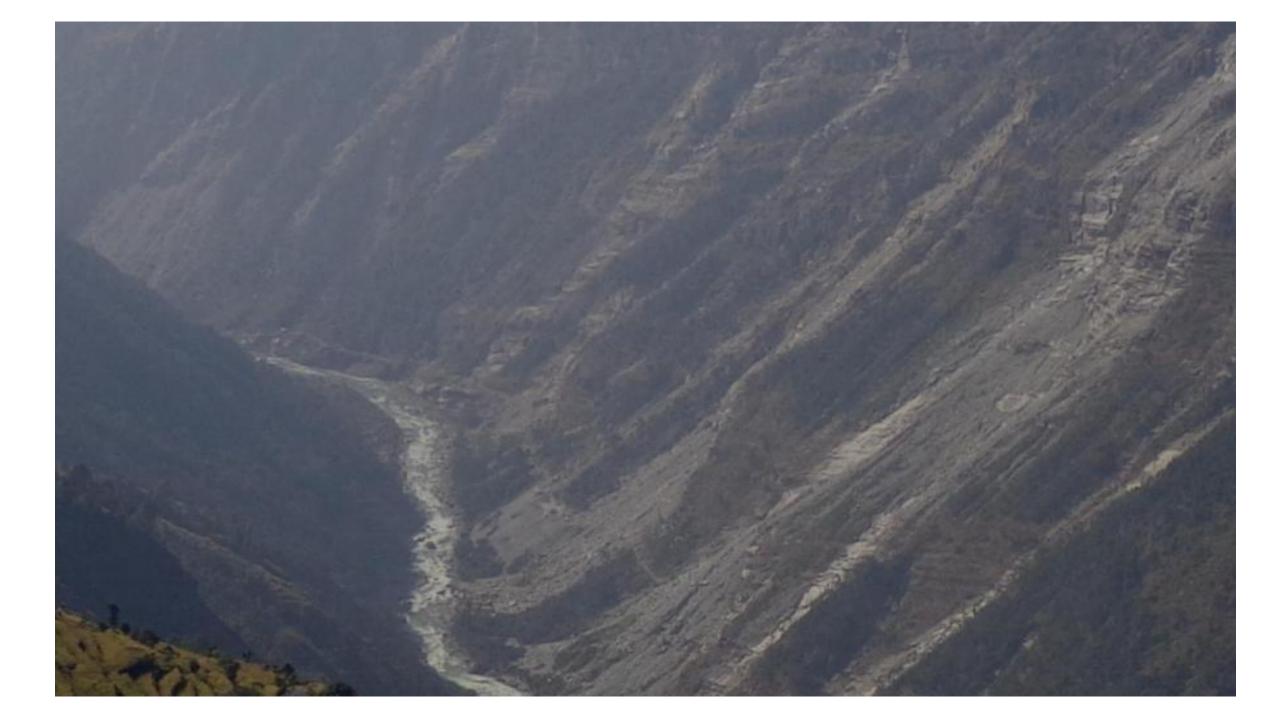
### **UPPER TRISHULI 3A**

- Above 45% work is completed and would have been commissioned by now.
- Unfortunately, this project was hard hit by earth quake. As an impact of earth quake:
  - The access road to head works got completely damaged by making the head works area inaccessible for about a year after EQ. Access road to surge tank also got damaged.
  - A huge land slide got triggered up hill on the left bank of the river at head works causing a potential danger to stability of head works.
  - Similarly a huge land slide triggered uphill near the tunnel inlet portal on the right bank near the head works causing threat to stability of inlet structures including the desanding basin.
  - Most of the construction equipment and the construction material got damaged.
  - Work is not resumed till date along with the contractual complications of EPC Contract in such events.









### **RAHUGHAT**

- Civil contract terminated due to poor performance of the contractor.
- Now fresh invitation of bids published for civil and hydro-mechanical as single EPC Contract.
- Due to financing from Indian Exim Bank, it will be limited bidding.
- Experience of previous contract used in new design.
  - Almost full tunnel is lined now.
  - Surge shaft is on surface now.
  - Capacity has been upgraded to 40 MW.
  - Transmission line is deleted.
- Total progress till the termination of civil contract was 13%

## **LESSONS LEARNT**

#### THE STUDY

- Geology, unlike Physics, is not exact Science.
- Since a 100% geological exploration during study is not possible, it is a Science of assumptions, probabilities and estimations.
- However, a credible and dependable study minimizes the geological surprises. It saves cost and time over run to a large extent.
- Even if it is early stage of the project, highest importance should be given to a detailed and credible study.

#### **STRUCTURE**

• Underground structures are safer in the event of an earthquake. Otherwise it is better to semi cover few of the structures.

#### **DOCUMENT**

• Even if it is same FIDIC Document, every contract is unique in nature and quite new contractual issues may be encountered.

# THANKS